

## NPD Start-up, Reactivity Balance and Fuel Management

by

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#### NPD: The First CANDU

(Canada Deuterium Uranium)

Natural Uranium – Heavy Water vs
Enriched Uranium – Tap Water

Thin-walled Pressure Tubes
vs
Thick-walled Pressure Vessel

#### **Historical Context**

Discovery of fission – 1939 Canada, U.K., France; Montreal – 1944

**CP-1; Chicago – 1942** 

Haigerloch; Germany – 1945 (February)

**ZEEP**; Chalk River – 1945 (September)

NRX; Chalk River – 1947

NRU; Chalk River – 1957

**NPD**; Rolphton – 1962 (June 28, 20 MWe)

**Douglas Point – 1968 (200 MWe)** 

## NPD Commissioning – 1962

First critical

**Neutron flux scan** 

**Fuel management** 

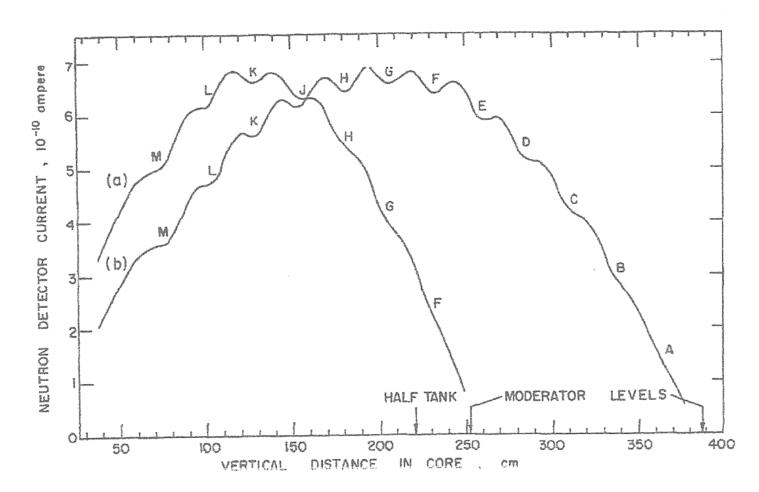


Fig. 5 - Observed vertical flux distributions during low-power commissioning experiments:
(a) Coolant unpoisoned, H<sub>2</sub>O reflector full.
(b) Coolant poisoned (363 ppm cadmium), H<sub>2</sub>O reflector empty.

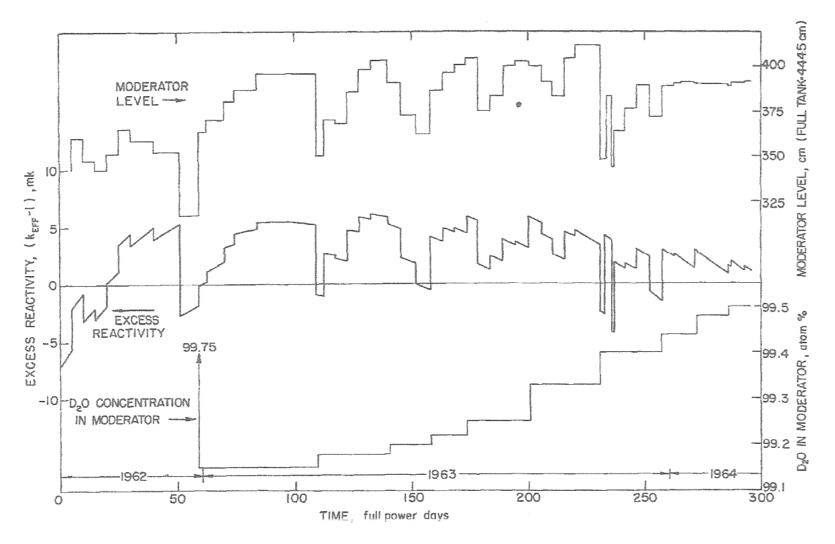


Fig. 4 - PERIGEE simulation of NPD operation.

Top, approximated moderator level;

Bottom, approximated D<sub>2</sub>O concentration;

Middle, excess of calculated over measured reactivity.

# Technical & Economic Feasibility

**Bidirectional on-power fuelling** 

**Fuel integrity and lifetime** 

Heavy water leakage

Reactor safety and control

**Operator Training** 

### What Next?

W.B.Lewis: "How Much of the Rocks and Oceans for Power?

1964 report.

Plutonium fast breeder – reprocessing

Super Phoenix, France; 1200 MW, 1986-97

Gentilly-1, boiling water, enriched uranium, thick-walled beryllium calandria tubes and graphite reflector, but no heavy water

## Proxima - Closest Star

